INCTRL.EXE (Version 1.0) Copyright (c) 1992 Neil J. Rubenking

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INCTRL:

INCTRL.EXE is an Installation Control program for Windows. It supervises an application's install utility and writes a report file of changes made to your system.

USING INCTRL

After copying INCTRL.EXE onto your hard disk, you can load it from Program Manager, as usual. Note that the program requires protected mode (Windows Standard or Enhanced modes) to operate.

It takes hardly any more effort to install a new Windows application under INCTRL's supervision than to go through the usual File. Run dialog under Program Manager. After bringing up INCTRL, you press one button to select the install program and press a second to choose a filename for the output report. Although this documentation discusses INCTRL using a Windows 3.1 common dialog box for file selection, INCTRL does not require the COMMDLG dynamic link library. If you don't have COMMDLG.DLL on your system, INCTRL will simply use a different file selection dialog box.

When you've selected both the install program to be run and a name for INCTRL's output report, the graved-out Perform Install button will be enabled. Press it and INCTRL will take over the installation.

There will be an initial delay as INCTRL memorizes the file layout of the fixed disks on your system. During this interval a small window will appear to let you know what's happening. INCTRL also makes copies of WIN.INI and SYSTEM.INI at this time, using the names WININI.\$\$\$ and SYSINI.\$\$\$. After these preparations. INCTRL executes the application's install program; then you simply follow the application's instructions to complete the installation.

After the installation is finished. INCTRL writes a header (which includes the install filename and the current date and time) for its output report. It then scans your fixed disks again, checking each file and directory against the disk contents it memorized earlier. For items already present on its list, INCTRL compares the current size and date/time stamp with their previous values. If the stamps are different, INCTRL notes that the file has changed; if they are the same, it removes the file from the list. Any file not present on the list was obviously added during the installation, so INCTRL writes its name to the output report.

When this second scan of files and directories is complete, the only files left from INCTRL's original list will be those that were changed during the installation or those that were deleted. INCTRL first flips through the list and reports the name of every item that was marked as having been changed by the install program. Since every file that exists on-disk was either removed from the list or marked as changed, any remaining files not marked as changed must have been deleted by the install program. INCTRL reports these as well, even though it's

unusual for an install program to erase files.

Next, INCTRL compares the saved copy of WIN.INI with the current WIN.INI. It compiles a list of all the section headings from the old file and checks that list against the section headings from the new file. If any were added during the installation, it writes their names to the output report and adds them to the list. INCTRL doesn't report on sections deleted from WIN.INI. It follows the same procedure in examining SYSTEM.INI. For each section in the .INI file, INCTRL gets a list of all the keys (for example, Load) contained in that section of the old file and reports on any keys that were added in the new file. Then it checks the value of each key from the old file against the value of that key in the new file. If they differ, it writes both the old value and the new to the output file.

INCTRL will notify you if it finds a duplicate section name or a duplicate key within a section of an INI file. Normally, the Windows functions that create the keys don't allow creation of duplicate key names. A particular exception occurs in the [386Enh] section of SYSTEM.INI, however, which can have any number of lines with the key DEVICE. Windows accesses these lines during initialization, without going through the normal INI-handling functions. INCTRL also treats this key specially: It simply counts the number of times it occurs in the old and in the new files and reports if the new file has more DEVICE lines.

The Figure below shows an abbreviated version of a sample INCTRL report, which was generated while installing the After Dark screen saver. That application's install program copied 81 files and 5 directories to the disk, added a DEVICE= line to SYSTEM.INI, and added the programs AD.EXE and ADINIT.EXE to the LOAD= line in WIN.INI. There are 8 files listed as changed: 3 .INI files and 5 from an earlier incomplete attempt to uninstall the program.

Be warned that some install programs take a two-step approach that fools INCTRL: They copy a secondary install program to the hard disk and then execute that program. INCTRL thinks the installation is over when the primary program ends, so it reports that the only file added was the secondary install program. You may be able to work around this situation by using INCTRL to reexecute the secondary install program. If it reinstalls the remaining files, they'll show up as changed files in the INCTRL report.

CONFIGURING INCTRL

By default, INCTRL scans all fixed disks on your system looking for file and directory changes. If you have one or more disk partitions that are never used for Windows applications, you can speed INCTRL's search and reduce its memory requirements by excluding those drives from examination. To do so, create the ASCII file INCTRL.INI in your Windows directory with a single section called [Excluded drives]. For each drive you want to exclude, add a key line such as c=1 to that section. For example, to exclude drives C: and D:, add the following:

> [Excluded drives] c=1

d=1

Your Windows directory is the default storage location for INCTRL report files. To make another directory the default, add a [Directories] section to INCTRL.INI and assign that directory to the ReptDir key, as, for example:

[Directories] ReptDir=E:\INCTRL

UNINSTALLING WITH INCTRL

Although INCTRL gives you the information you need to uninstall a program, you'll have to make some decisions based on this information. Your first step is to delete the program's icon from the Program Manager group that contains it. If the program has a group all its own, you can delete the whole group.

Now run your favorite file manager and, into your editor of choice, load the INCTRL report for the application to be removed. Look first for entire directories added during its installation: you can usually delete these entirely. You should at least consider the possibility, however, that you may have created data files in a program-created directory that you're thinking of deleting. If you're not sure, try individually deleting the files INCTRL reports in that directory and examine any that are left over.

You can, of course, delete a private .INI file if the program installed one, but most files added to the Windows and the System directories are intended to be shared with other programs. Thus, it may not be safe to delete .DLL, .DRV, .FON or .EXE files that were installed in either of these directories. If you want to be sure, rename rather than delete these possibly shared files and then restart Windows. Bring up each program you installed after the program being removed and make sure it doesn't depend on the renamed files. If this test succeeds, you can delete the renamed files. If one of your programs refuses to run without a particular renamed file, rename it back and add that filename to the INCTRL report for the dependent program.

INCTRL's list of changed files is provided for your information; most of the time you won't want to delete any of these, since the installation program either updated them or simply recopied them on your disk. Either way, they were there before the installation and should probably stay after you uninstall the program.

If changes were made to WIN.INI or SYSTEM.INI, bring up the affected .INI file in your favorite ASCII editor. A new section is much like a new directory--you can probably erase the whole thing. If one or more .EXE files were added to the LOAD= or RUN= lines in the [windows] section of WIN.INI, remove them. Don't simply restore the "before" value of the line unless you're sure that other programs have not subsequently been added to these lines. On the other hand, some programs are associated with a particular file extension in the [extensions] section. Once the program is gone, you'll probably want to delete the WIN.INI line for that association. Other .INI file changes must be considered on a case-by-case basis. If you're not sure whether it's safe to delete a line, turn it into a comment by putting a semicolon at the beginning of the line. Then restart Windows and run each program that was installed after the program being removed. If they all work, you can either delete the now-commented lines or leave them in place as comments. In case you find that one of your other programs does depend on a particular .INI file line, remove the initial semicolon and add the line to the INCTRL report file for that program.

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Figure: This is an abbreviated version of the report INCTRL produced after installing the After Dark screen saver.

AN INCTRL REPORT

INSTALLATION REPORT - B:\INSTALL.EXE

Produced by INCTRL, Copyright (c) 1992 by Neil J. Rubenking Wed 4/1/1992 09:20:29.06

*** FILES AND DIRECTORIES ADDED *** DIR : E:\AFTERDRK FILE: E:\WINDOWS\AFTERDAR.GRP FILE: E:\AFTERDRK\AD_LIB.DLL FILE: E:\AFTERDRK\ADINIT.EXE FILE: E:\AFTERDRK\AD.EXE

FILE: E:\AFTERDRK\ADMODULE.SDK\BLANKER\MNAME.RSC Install program added 81 files and 5 directories.

*** FILES AND DIRECTORIES CHANGED *** FILE: E:\WINDOWS\AD.CFG FILE: E:\WINDOWS\ADMODULE.ADS FILE: E:\WINDOWS\AD_PREFS.INI FILE: E:\WINDOWS\PROGMAN.INI FILE: E:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM.ADK FILE: E:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM.INI FILE: E:\WINDOWS\WIN.INI FILE: E:\WINDOWS\WININI.ADK Install program changed 8 files and 0 directories.

*** KEYS CHANGED IN WIN.INI SECTION [windows] *** BEFORE: load= AFTER: load=e:\afterdrk\ad.exe e:\afterdrk\adinit.exe

1 keys changed in WIN.INI section [windows]

*** KEYS ADDED TO SYSTEM.INI SECTION [386Enh] ***
1 DEVICE= lines added to the [386Enh] section of SYSTEM.INI
1 keys added to SYSTEM.INI section [386Enh]